

IMPROVED MULTI-CHANNEL AUDIO CENTER SPEAKER DEVICE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to an improved multi-channel audio center speaker device,
5 more particularly to a multi-channel audio speaker device having a low-frequency
sound box, two left and right mid-frequency sound boxes, a high-frequency sound
box, and a mid-frequency sound box. A wind cavity is disposed on the back of the
low-frequency sound box at a position corresponding to the speaker; an assisting
wind hole is disposed individually on both sides of the back of the low-frequency
10 sound box; a low-frequency assisting wind cavity is respectively disposed under the
external and internal sides of the low-frequency sound box; a mid-frequency sound
box is installed individually on both sides of the low-frequency sound box; a plurality
of assisting wind holes are disposed around the periphery of the mid-frequency sound
box; a wind hole is disposed at a position corresponding to the center of the back of
15 the mid-frequency speaker; a mid-frequency sound box and a high-frequency sound
box tilted to an appropriated angle are disposed respectively on the low-frequency
sound box, such that the vibration of the speaker will discharge the air in the sound
box from the wind cavities and wind holes to work together with the mid-frequency
speakers on both sides to produce sounds with a broader range. In such arrangement
20 by tilting the mid/high-frequency speaker backward, after the sound frequencies are
mixed, the mixed frequency will be located at the upper rear section of the center
speaker and the sound is reflected forward in order to extend and reflect the sound
produced by the center speaker and avoid the sound from directly impacting the
audience and producing uncomfortable pressure, and further produce the sound effect
25 simulated by the actual environment.

Description of the Related Art

In general, a traditional multi-channel audio usually has a left channel and a right
channel. To integrate a video effect to an audio effect just like the simulation of the

actual theater, a center channel is placed between the left and right channels for a better audio visual effect of a performance or a play. However, a center channel is set under the video screen, and is designed in a rectangular shape transversally disposed, or a tripod is used to heighten the sound box, so that the sound frequency of the center
5 channel can be produced at a position proximate the video screen. However, such sound frequency faces the audience directly; if the sound is too loud, it will produce an uncomfortable impact to the audience. Furthermore, the sound is produced under the video screen, it is impossible to produce a visual sound effect or simulate the effect of producing sound from the video, which is definitely a major shortcoming.
10 In addition, a general horizontal center speaker sound box has limitations on its low-frequency effect and gives a low performance on the sound effect.

Summary of the Invention

The objective of this invention is to provide a sound effect for a center multi-channel audio speaker to enhance its effect and function, wherein a mid-frequency sound box is installed individually on both sides of the low-frequency sound box, and a mid-frequency sound box and a high-frequency sound box tilted to an appropriate angle are respectively installed above the low-frequency sound box, so that the sound direction of the mid/high frequency has the effect of driving the sound to be mixed and reflecting the sound wave from the video screen at the back to the audience in the front. The distance for placing the center sound box is flexible, which also attains the purpose of simulating the sound effect and producing the sound from the video screen in order to enhance echo functions of its sound range and simulate the actual environment without producing uneasiness to the audience.
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To improve the sound vision and sound effect of the multi-channel audio center speaker device and broaden the sound range, so that the sound is clearer and softer without producing uneasiness or incorrect strange sound, a wind cavity and a wind hole are set at an appropriate position in front of and behind the low-frequency and high-frequency sound boxes; a wind cavity or a wind hole is set at a position corresponding to the center of the back of the speaker. A plurality of assisting wind
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holes are set on the side of the mid-frequency sound box to produce the amplifying effect for the released space when the sound air in the sound box is vibrated to produce sound in the speaker.

To make it easier for our examiner to understand the objective of the invention, its structure, innovative features, and performance, we use a preferred embodiment together with the attached drawings for the detailed description of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent in the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

5 FIG. 1 is a perspective diagram of the improved multi-channel audio center speaker device of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a rear-view diagram of FIG. 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2 for a preferred embodiment of the low-frequency sound box 11 of a center speaker sound box 1, a plurality of wind cavities 13 are disposed under a low-frequency speaker 12; a center wind hole 14 is disposed at the center of the low-frequency speaker 12 corresponding to the center of the back of the low-frequency sound box 11. An upper wind hole 15 is disposed above both sides of the center wind hole 14, and a lower wind hole 16 is disposed below both sides such that when the low-frequency speaker 12 vibrates, the air in the low-frequency sound box 11 will be squeezed and discharged from each wind hole 14, 15, 16, and some part of the sound will be dispersed and spread out from the foregoing wind holes 14, 15, 16 to broaden the sound range and avoid the sound from directly impacting the hearing and producing uneasiness to the audience.

20 A mid-frequency sound box 21 is installed individually on both sides of the low-frequency sound box 11, wherein a plurality of wind holes 23 are disposed around the rear end of the mid-frequency speaker 22 and a center wind hole is disposed at the center of the mid-frequency speaker 22 corresponding to the center of the back of the mid-frequency sound box 21. When the mid-frequency speaker 22 produces vibrations, it will press on the sound air in the mid-frequency sound box 21 to discharge the sound air from each wind hole 23, 24 and give a broader range of sound to prevent resonance of the sound box as well as loss of originality of the sound.

Further, a high-frequency sound box 31 and a mid/high-frequency sound box 32 respectively have a front and a rear sound directions above the low-frequency sound box 11 such that the sound direction of the front high-frequency speaker 311 faces the audience, and the mid/high-frequency speaker plays backward to focus the sound direction of the low-frequency sound, mid-frequency sound, and high-frequency sound towards the focus at the upper rear section of any position on the center sound box 1. If a projecting screen is disposed on such upper rear section, then the sound will be produced as if it is from the video screen or simulated from the actual environment, as well as providing a broader sound range and eliminating the pressure and uneasiness to the audience.

Therefore, this invention has the following functions and features:

1. It gives a multi-channel sound effect even when a single channel is used only.
2. It offers a broader sound range and a deeper sound image. When the volume is turned up, it will not produce confusion but can give a better low-frequency sound extension effect.
3. Since the sound air is discharged backward, and the mid/high-frequency structure produces sound towards the upper rear section to focus the sound image at the upper rear section , and thus working together with the image to produce a simulated on-the-spot and actual feeling.
4. It allows a more flexible distance to place the horizontal multi-channel audio speaker and does not require a tripod or a stand to heighten the speaker.
5. The speaker in accordance with this invention can be set at a distance far from the TV screen to avoid electromagnetic interference.
6. It is easy to move and installed flexibly.
7. This invention can be used independently for various occasions such as a speech or a karaoke.

In view of the description above, this invention uses a front high-frequency speaker on the center sound box and an upper rear mid/high-frequency speaker to work together with the wind cavities and wind holes of the mid-frequency sound box and low-frequency sound box to transfer the sound image to the upper rear section of the center sound box and accomplish the simulation of the actual environment and

eliminate the uneasiness of the pressure.

While the present invention has been described in connection with what is considered the most practical and preferred embodiment, it is understood that the invention is not limited to the disclosed embodiments but is intended to cover various arrangements included within the spirit and scope of the broadest interpretation and equivalent arrangements.